

## Bostrycin

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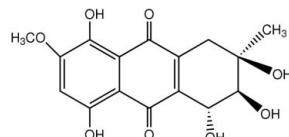
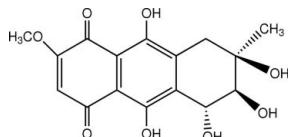
Received 6 September 2008; accepted 6 October 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.035;  $wR$  factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 6.9.

The title compound,  $C_{16}H_{16}O_8$ , is a potent nonspecific phytoxin. The crystal structure is the average of two tautomers, 5,6,7,9,10-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-1,4,5,6,7,8-hexahydroanthracene-1,4-dione and 1,4,5,6,7-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydroanthracene-9,10-dione. The cyclohexene rings in both tautomers display a half-chair conformation. An extensive  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen-bonding network is present in the crystal structure.

## Related literature

For general background, see: Charudattan & Rao (1982); van Eijk (1975). For a related structure, see: Kelly & Saha (1985).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{16}O_8$

$M_r = 336.29$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1$

$a = 8.280 (2)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 6.644 (2)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.1535 (12)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 102.12 (2)^\circ$

$V = 707.5 (3)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.13\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 (2)\text{ K}$

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.08\text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID IP

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.953$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.990$

6151 measured reflections

1517 independent reflections

1282 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$

$wR(F^2) = 0.105$

$S = 1.08$

1517 reflections

220 parameters

1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.19\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1A $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	2.55	3.229 (3)	137
O3—H3A $\cdots$ O8 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84	2.40	2.808 (3)	111
O4—H4A $\cdots$ O8 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90	2.54	3.223 (3)	132
O5—H5A $\cdots$ O4	0.92	1.85	2.687 (3)	152
O6—H6A $\cdots$ O7 <sup>iii</sup>	0.97	1.92	2.821 (3)	154
O7—H7A $\cdots$ O1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.90	2.11	2.966 (3)	159
O7—H7A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.90	2.40	3.066 (3)	131

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $x - 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 2$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

The work was supported by the Science and Technology Project of Zhejiang Province (grant Nos. 2004 C22008 and 2006 C12088) and the National Natural Science Foundation of China (grant No. 30600002).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2453).

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## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, o2226 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808032030]

## **Bostrycin**

**S.-Y. Chen, C. Huang, C.-L. Zhang, Y.-Z. Chen and F.-C. Lin**

### **Comment**

Bostrycin, a nonspecific phytotoxin, was identified as a metabolite of the fungus *Arthrinium phaeospermum* in 1975 (van Eijk, 1975; Charudattan & Rao, 1982). It is active against *Bacillus subtilis* but inactive against the fungus *Geotrichum candidum* (Charudattan & Rao, 1982). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound.

The crystal structure of the title compound is the average structure of two tautomers, 5,6,7,9,10-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-1,4,5,6,7,8-hexahydroanthracene- 1,4-dione (I) and 1,4,5,6,7-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydroanthracene- 9,10-dione (II). The molecular structures of the two tautomers are shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2, respectively. Both of tautomer molecules contains three six-membered rings, among which the C9-containing ring displays a half-chair conformation. Within the molecule the carbonyl group is hydrogen bonded to the neighboring hydroxyl group(s). The bond distances and angles agree with those found in a derivative of bostrycin, bostrycin acetonide (Kelly & Saha, 1985). The extensive O—H···O hydrogen bonding network helps to stabilize the crystal structure (Table 1).

### **Experimental**

For morphological identification (*Arthrinium sp.* (CGMCC 2082), a fungi from *Polygonum hydropiper L.*) cultures were grown on OA, PDA, and SNA media for 7–14 days at room temperature (293 K) under ambient daylight. Microscopic observations and measurements were made from slides mounted in water. For metabolite production, the strains were inoculated onto PDA media and incubated for 10 days at 298 K in the dark. Selected strains were also cultivated in liquid media placed in a rotary shaker at 120 rpm for 7 days at 298 K in the dark. After cultivation, the bottles were stored at 253 K until extraction.

Liquid cultures were extracted with trichloromethane. The trichloromethane phase was filtered and evaporated *in vacuo*. Samples were then redissolved in trichloromethane, then filtered to remove solid. The trichloromethane solution was evaporated *in vacuo*. The single crystals were obtained from an ethanol solution.

### **Refinement**

Hydroxyl H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined as riding in as-found relative positions with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ . Methyl H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.96 Å and torsion angles were refined to fit the electron density,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic), 0.97 (methylene) or 0.98 Å (methine), and refined in riding mode with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ . In the absence of significant anomalous scattering effects, Friedel pairs were merged; the absolute configuration was not determined.

# supplementary materials

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## Figures

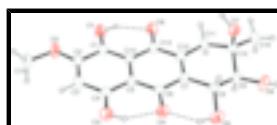


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids (arbitrary spheres for H atoms), dashed line indicates hydrogen bonding.

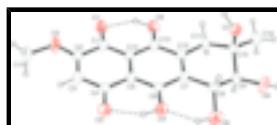


Fig. 2. The molecular structure of (II) with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids (arbitrary spheres for H atoms), dashed line indicates hydrogen bonding.

## 5,6,7,9,10-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-1,4,5,6,7,8-hexahydroanthracene-1,4-dione-1,4,5,6,7-pentahydroxy-2-methoxy-7-methyl-5,6,7,8,9,10-hexahydroanthracene-9,10-dione

### Crystal data

C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>16</sub> O <sub>8</sub>	$F_{000} = 352$
$M_r = 336.29$	$D_x = 1.579 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2yb	$\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 8.280 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 5814 reflections
$b = 6.644 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 6.1\text{--}54.9^\circ$
$c = 13.1535 (12) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 102.12 (2)^\circ$	$T = 293 (2) \text{ K}$
$V = 707.5 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	Chunk, red
$Z = 2$	$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID IP diffractometer	1517 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1282 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$
Detector resolution: 10 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$
$T = 293(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.2^\circ$
$\omega$ scans	$h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.953, T_{\text{max}} = 0.990$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
6151 measured reflections	

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H-atom parameters constrained

$wR(F^2) = 0.105$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0667P)^2 + 0.0817P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.08$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
1517 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
220 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = k F_c [1 + 0.001 x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.009 (3)

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.4354 (2)	0.3424 (4)	0.34450 (13)	0.0399 (5)	
H1A	0.5153	0.3341	0.3968	0.060*	0.50
O2	0.1814 (2)	0.3555 (4)	0.19361 (12)	0.0414 (5)	
O3	-0.1725 (2)	0.3863 (4)	0.43528 (13)	0.0384 (5)	
H3A	-0.1659	0.3844	0.4995	0.058*	0.50
O4	-0.0420 (2)	0.3933 (4)	0.63061 (13)	0.0370 (5)	
H4A	-0.1226	0.4012	0.5725	0.055*	0.50
O5	0.1000 (3)	0.2810 (5)	0.82507 (17)	0.0571 (7)	
H5A	0.0233	0.2963	0.7644	0.086*	
O6	0.3619 (2)	0.4004 (4)	0.97960 (12)	0.0417 (5)	
H6A	0.4364	0.3205	1.0303	0.063*	
O7	0.5068 (2)	0.6526 (3)	0.84879 (13)	0.0336 (5)	
H7A	0.5511	0.7105	0.7990	0.050*	
O8	0.5671 (2)	0.3429 (4)	0.54013 (13)	0.0401 (6)	
H8A	0.5559	0.3636	0.4666	0.060*	0.50
C1	0.2943 (3)	0.3552 (4)	0.37142 (18)	0.0302 (6)	
C2	0.1464 (3)	0.3632 (4)	0.28875 (18)	0.0303 (6)	
C3	-0.0063 (3)	0.3742 (5)	0.31216 (18)	0.0314 (6)	
H3	-0.0996	0.3781	0.2587	0.038*	
C4	-0.0247 (3)	0.3798 (4)	0.41735 (18)	0.0284 (5)	
C5	0.1177 (3)	0.3742 (4)	0.50050 (17)	0.0263 (5)	
C6	0.1023 (3)	0.3820 (4)	0.60602 (17)	0.0268 (5)	
C7	0.2492 (3)	0.3761 (5)	0.68900 (17)	0.0291 (6)	

## supplementary materials

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C8	0.2301 (3)	0.3980 (5)	0.80142 (17)	0.0311 (6)
H8	0.2063	0.5396	0.8130	0.037*
C9	0.3863 (3)	0.3403 (4)	0.87974 (18)	0.0323 (6)
H9	0.3996	0.1938	0.8790	0.039*
C10	0.5382 (3)	0.4387 (4)	0.85300 (17)	0.0309 (6)
C11	0.5585 (3)	0.3595 (5)	0.74721 (17)	0.0319 (6)
H11A	0.6425	0.4383	0.7240	0.038*
H11B	0.5970	0.2213	0.7552	0.038*
C12	0.4022 (3)	0.3671 (4)	0.66537 (17)	0.0294 (6)
C13	0.4195 (3)	0.3563 (4)	0.55826 (18)	0.0296 (6)
C14	0.2770 (3)	0.3626 (4)	0.47627 (17)	0.0262 (5)
C15	0.0456 (3)	0.3549 (6)	0.10420 (18)	0.0435 (8)
H15A	-0.0220	0.2384	0.1068	0.065*
H15B	0.0881	0.3517	0.0417	0.065*
H15C	-0.0196	0.4743	0.1048	0.065*
C16	0.6936 (3)	0.3933 (6)	0.93488 (19)	0.0408 (7)
H16A	0.7885	0.4434	0.9117	0.061*
H16B	0.7039	0.2505	0.9453	0.061*
H16C	0.6861	0.4575	0.9991	0.061*

### *Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0294 (10)	0.0644 (15)	0.0268 (8)	0.0039 (10)	0.0076 (7)	-0.0058 (10)
O2	0.0318 (10)	0.0719 (15)	0.0203 (7)	0.0052 (11)	0.0050 (7)	-0.0025 (10)
O3	0.0233 (9)	0.0584 (13)	0.0343 (9)	0.0031 (10)	0.0082 (7)	0.0005 (10)
O4	0.0279 (10)	0.0541 (12)	0.0311 (8)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0112 (7)	-0.0016 (10)
O5	0.0513 (14)	0.0811 (19)	0.0421 (11)	-0.0192 (13)	0.0170 (10)	0.0069 (12)
O6	0.0528 (12)	0.0518 (12)	0.0226 (8)	0.0093 (11)	0.0126 (8)	0.0056 (10)
O7	0.0444 (11)	0.0318 (10)	0.0262 (8)	-0.0028 (9)	0.0112 (7)	0.0001 (8)
O8	0.0223 (9)	0.0710 (16)	0.0279 (8)	0.0015 (10)	0.0073 (7)	-0.0065 (11)
C1	0.0294 (13)	0.0370 (15)	0.0262 (11)	0.0026 (13)	0.0101 (9)	-0.0003 (12)
C2	0.0326 (14)	0.0360 (15)	0.0233 (11)	0.0014 (14)	0.0079 (9)	-0.0003 (12)
C3	0.0298 (13)	0.0360 (14)	0.0274 (11)	0.0032 (13)	0.0035 (9)	0.0003 (12)
C4	0.0249 (13)	0.0297 (13)	0.0307 (11)	0.0012 (12)	0.0064 (9)	0.0003 (12)
C5	0.0274 (13)	0.0282 (12)	0.0249 (11)	0.0006 (12)	0.0089 (9)	0.0005 (12)
C6	0.0267 (12)	0.0279 (12)	0.0278 (11)	-0.0006 (12)	0.0103 (9)	-0.0021 (12)
C7	0.0317 (13)	0.0334 (13)	0.0245 (11)	-0.0020 (13)	0.0108 (9)	-0.0003 (12)
C8	0.0335 (14)	0.0369 (14)	0.0261 (11)	-0.0011 (12)	0.0137 (10)	0.0017 (12)
C9	0.0411 (15)	0.0348 (14)	0.0232 (10)	0.0016 (13)	0.0117 (10)	0.0021 (11)
C10	0.0363 (15)	0.0338 (15)	0.0224 (12)	0.0012 (12)	0.0055 (10)	0.0004 (11)
C11	0.0283 (13)	0.0429 (16)	0.0251 (11)	0.0016 (13)	0.0067 (9)	-0.0028 (12)
C12	0.0304 (13)	0.0340 (14)	0.0248 (11)	0.0024 (13)	0.0079 (9)	-0.0028 (12)
C13	0.0270 (13)	0.0370 (15)	0.0262 (11)	0.0028 (12)	0.0087 (9)	-0.0019 (11)
C14	0.0250 (12)	0.0309 (13)	0.0230 (10)	0.0014 (12)	0.0059 (9)	-0.0019 (12)
C15	0.0381 (15)	0.068 (2)	0.0225 (11)	0.0052 (17)	0.0028 (10)	-0.0018 (15)
C16	0.0368 (15)	0.0555 (17)	0.0279 (12)	0.0023 (15)	0.0019 (10)	-0.0011 (14)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

O1—C1	1.293 (3)	C5—C6	1.421 (3)
O1—H1A	0.8501	C5—C14	1.423 (3)
O2—C2	1.344 (3)	C6—C7	1.454 (3)
O2—C15	1.447 (3)	C7—C12	1.368 (4)
O3—C4	1.294 (3)	C7—C8	1.527 (3)
O3—H3A	0.8350	C8—C9	1.524 (4)
O4—C6	1.304 (3)	C8—H8	0.9800
O4—H4A	0.9046	C9—C10	1.523 (4)
O5—C8	1.415 (4)	C9—H9	0.9800
O5—H5A	0.9154	C10—C16	1.525 (3)
O6—C9	1.427 (3)	C10—C11	1.530 (3)
O6—H6A	0.9667	C11—C12	1.501 (3)
O7—C10	1.444 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
O7—H7A	0.9012	C11—H11B	0.9700
O8—C13	1.296 (3)	C12—C13	1.448 (3)
O8—H8A	0.9624	C13—C14	1.422 (3)
C1—C14	1.417 (3)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C1—C2	1.458 (3)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.364 (4)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.424 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.431 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C1—O1—H1A	112.1	C10—C9—C8	111.2 (2)
C2—O2—C15	118.3 (2)	O6—C9—H9	108.9
C4—O3—H3A	108.7	C10—C9—H9	108.9
C6—O4—H4A	110.2	C8—C9—H9	108.9
C8—O5—H5A	99.7	O7—C10—C9	106.3 (2)
C9—O6—H6A	106.8	O7—C10—C16	109.9 (2)
C10—O7—H7A	110.5	C9—C10—C16	111.6 (2)
C13—O8—H8A	106.3	O7—C10—C11	110.9 (2)
O1—C1—C14	123.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11	108.4 (2)
O1—C1—C2	117.6 (2)	C16—C10—C11	109.7 (2)
C14—C1—C2	119.0 (2)	C12—C11—C10	113.5 (2)
O2—C2—C3	127.1 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	108.9
O2—C2—C1	112.4 (2)	C10—C11—H11A	108.9
C3—C2—C1	120.4 (2)	C12—C11—H11B	108.9
C2—C3—C4	120.9 (2)	C10—C11—H11B	108.9
C2—C3—H3	119.5	H11A—C11—H11B	107.7
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C7—C12—C13	120.6 (2)
O3—C4—C3	118.4 (2)	C7—C12—C11	122.6 (2)
O3—C4—C5	121.4 (2)	C13—C12—C11	116.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5	120.2 (2)	O8—C13—C14	121.8 (2)
C6—C5—C14	119.9 (2)	O8—C13—C12	118.2 (2)
C6—C5—C4	121.1 (2)	C14—C13—C12	120.1 (2)
C14—C5—C4	119.0 (2)	C1—C14—C13	120.0 (2)
O4—C6—C5	121.3 (2)	C1—C14—C5	120.5 (2)

## supplementary materials

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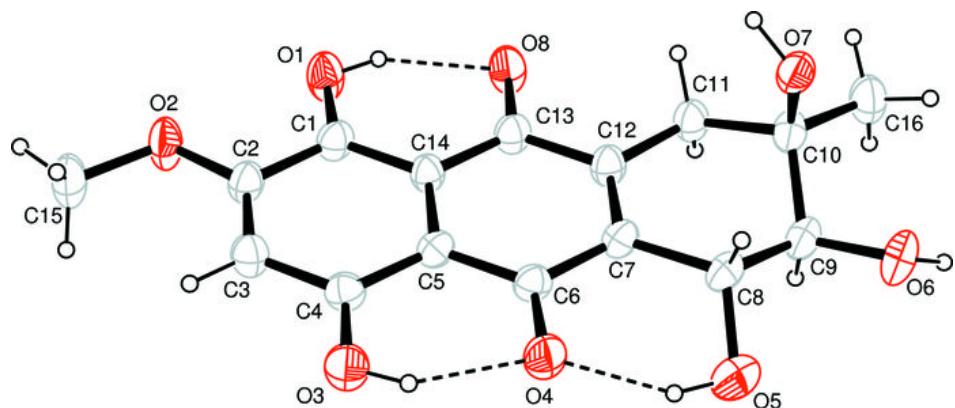
O4—C6—C7	118.7 (2)	C13—C14—C5	119.5 (2)
C5—C6—C7	120.0 (2)	O2—C15—H15A	109.5
C12—C7—C6	119.9 (2)	O2—C15—H15B	109.5
C12—C7—C8	120.9 (2)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C6—C7—C8	119.0 (2)	O2—C15—H15C	109.5
O5—C8—C9	106.9 (2)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O5—C8—C7	113.5 (2)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	112.6 (2)	C10—C16—H16A	109.5
O5—C8—H8	107.8	C10—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	107.8	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—C8—H8	107.8	C10—C16—H16C	109.5
O6—C9—C10	112.1 (2)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O6—C9—C8	106.7 (2)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O1—H1A···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	2.55	3.229 (3)	137
O3—H3A···O8 <sup>ii</sup>	0.84	2.40	2.808 (3)	111
O4—H4A···O8 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90	2.54	3.223 (3)	132
O5—H5A···O4	0.92	1.85	2.687 (3)	152
O6—H6A···O7 <sup>iii</sup>	0.97	1.92	2.821 (3)	154
O7—H7A···O1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.90	2.11	2.966 (3)	159
O7—H7A···O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.90	2.40	3.066 (3)	131

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+2$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1



## **supplementary materials**

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**Fig. 2**

